

THE DAILY COMMONWEALTH.

VOL. 11.

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, OCTOBER 4, 1861.

NO. 54.

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH
Will be published every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, by
A. G. HODGES & COMPANY,
At FOUR DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.

THE WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH, a large mammoth sheet, is published every Tuesday morning at TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance.
Our terms for advertising, either in the Tri-Weekly or Weekly Commonwealth, will be as liberal as in any of the newspapers published in the west.

The Frankfort Commonwealth.
A. G. HODGES & CO., PROPRIETORS.
J. H. JOHNSON, Editor.

The Proprietors of the Commonwealth, grateful for the generous patronage which has been bestowed upon them, are determined to furnish their patrons a journal which shall be unexcelled in any of the departments which comprise a first class newspaper.

Published at the Capital of the State, it will be enabled to furnish its readers with the latest intelligence of the actions of the higher courts and of the various departments of the State. It will also contain the latest telegraphic news of stirring events, and also of the New York, Cincinnati, Louisville and New Orleans markets.

In politics the Commonwealth will be conservative, occupying a middle and antagonistic ground in reference to the two extremes. The old parties broken up, and old issues virtually dead, the vital question at present is Union or disunion. The Commonwealth is for the Union, believing it to be the greatest safeguard for our rights, as well as our most effective auxiliary in our efforts to obtain redress for our wrongs. Its conductors do not regard disunion as a remedy for any of the wrongs of the South, but rather an aggravation. It will contend for the equality of the States in the Union, and for the absolute non-interference by Congress with the domestic affairs of the States and Territories.

We shall aim to make the Commonwealth an acceptable and appropriate fireside companion. It will contain selections from the choicest literature of the day, prose, poetry, &c.

The Weekly will be printed on extra double medium paper, in new and beautiful type.

Terms, in advance, for the Tri-Weekly, \$4 per annum.
Terms, for the Weekly \$2 per annum.

SETTLEMENTS!!

Everybody wants to make out their bills, and everybody can save a vast amount of labor by having nicely

PRINTED BILL HEADS.

THE COMMONWEALTH OFFICE
JOB ROOMS

Turn out that class of Printing in the highest style of the art, and at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES.

August 8, 1860.

LAW BOOKS AND BLANKS,
FOR SALE
AT COMMONWEALTH OFFICE.

BOOKS.
MONROE & HARLAN'S DIGEST OF THE DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS, 2 vols. Price \$10 00
REVISED STATUTES OF KENTUCKY, 1 vol. Price 5 00
DEBATES OF THE CONVENTION, 1 vol. Price 3 00
GUIDE TO JUSTICES, CLERKS, SHERIFFS, &c., by JOHN C. HERRON, 1 vol. Price 3 00
THE GENERAL ACTS OF Session 1855-6, Pamphlet form. Price 1 00
LOUGHBOROUGH'S DIGEST OF THE STATUTES, 1 vol. Price 3 00

BLANKS.
BLANKS FOR COUNTY COURT JUDGES of all kinds.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
JUSTICES' BLANKS—WARRANTS AND EXECUTIONS.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
CONSTABLES' SALE NOTICES, REPLEVIN BONDS, &c.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
SHERIFFS' REPLEVIN BONDS.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
CIRCUIT CLERKS' EXECUTIONS.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
BLANK CHECKS, on Branch Bank of Kentucky, at Frankfort, and Farmers Bank of Kentucky.
Price—75 cts. per quire.
BLANK DEEDS. Price—\$1 per quires.

Orders from a distance for any of the above named Books or Blanks will be promptly attended to when accompanied by the Cash; and if desired to be forwarded by mail, the postage will be pre-paid upon the condition that it be refunded by the person ordering the article to be sent by mail.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.
We are prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Pamphlet, and Job Work.
In the neatest and best style, on short notice, and as low as any office will do similar work.

LAWYER'S BRIEFS
Printed in the very best and neatest manner, and on moderate terms.

BLANKS.
Clerks, Sheriffs, and all other kinds of Blanks, printed on short notice and moderate terms.

LAW NOTICE.

JAMES B. CLAY. **THOS. B. MONROE, JR.**
CLAY & MONROE.
WILL practice law in the United States, Circuit and District Courts held at Frankfort, and the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. Business confided to them will receive prompt attention.

Address Thos. B. Monroe, Secretary of State, Frankfort, or Clay & Monroe, office Short street, Lexington.

THOS. B. MONROE, JR.,
Has been engaged to attend to the unfinished professional business of the late Hon. Ben. Monroe. Communications addressed to him at Frankfort will receive prompt attention.
April 9, 1860-w&twf.

JAMES SIMPSON. **JOHN L. SCOTT.**
SIMPSON & SCOTT,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law.
FRANKFORT, KY.

Office adjoining Yeoman Building—The same heretofore occupied by John L. Scott.
JUDGE JAMES SIMPSON and **JOHN L. SCOTT** will hereafter practice law in partnership in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court at Frankfort. Judge Simpson would respectfully refer to all persons who have known him, either at the Bar or as Circuit Judge in early life, or more recently as Judge of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. John L. Scott would refer to the persons heretofore referred to by him in his published card.

All business in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court entrusted to this firm will receive faithful and prompt attention.

Mr. Scott resides in Frankfort, and may be found at all times at his office adjoining the Yeoman Printing Office. Jan 4 w&twf.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. J. G. KEENON,
HAVING permanently located in Frankfort, tenders his professional services to the citizens of the town and vicinity.
Office on Main street, in Mansion House, 2nd door from corner. [Aug. 29, 1860-tf.]

ROBT. J. BRECKINRIDGE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
LEXINGTON, KY.
OFFICE on Short street between Limestone and Upper streets.
May 23, 1859-tf.

LYSANDER HORD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES Law in the Court of Appeals, Federal Court, and Franklin Circuit Court. Any business confided to him shall be faithfully and promptly attended to. His office is on St. Clair street, near the Branch Bank of Kentucky, where he may generally be found.
Frankfort, Jan. 12, 1859-tf.

G. W. CRADDOCK. **CHARLES F. CRADDOCK.**
CRADDOCK & CRADDOCK,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

OFFICE on St. Clair street, next door south of the Branch Bank of Kentucky.
Will practice law in partnership in all the Courts held in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.
Jan. 5, 1858-tf.

J. W. FINNELL. **V. T. CHAMBERS.**
FINNELL & CHAMBERS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

OFFICE—West Side Scott St. bet. Third & Fourth Streets.
COVINGTON, KENTUCKY.
February 22, 1860-tf.

T. N. & D. W. LINDSEY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

PRACTICES Law in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and the adjoining counties. Office on St. Clair street, four doors from the Bridge.
Jan. 3, 1859-tf.

JOHN RODMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and in Oldham, Henry, Trimble and Owen counties. Office on St. Clair street, near the Court House. [Oct. 28, 1853.]

J. H. KINKEAD,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
GALLATIN, MO.
PRACTICES in the Circuit and other Courts of Daviess, and the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.
Office up stairs in the Gallatin Sun Office.
May 6, 1857-tf.

DENTAL SURGERY,
BY **E. G. HAMBLETON, M. D.**

His operations on the Teeth will be directed by a scientific knowledge, both of Surgery and Medicine, this being the only safe guide to uniform success. From this he is enabled to operate with far less pain to the patient void of danger. All work warranted; the workmanship will show for itself. Calls will be thankfully received.
Office at his residence on Main street.
Frankfort, May 27, 1853.

ICE! ICE!!

All citizens of Frankfort wishing to secure a supply of fine clear ice for the season, are requested to call at the Confectionary of Gray & Todd, where they can be supplied with tickets. I will commence delivering my ice on Monday, May 6th, and continue throughout the season. My terms are cash—and will not be departed from.
Families wishing ice at any time in the day, can be supplied from my residence.
May 3-w&twf. **SAN. GOINS.**

FINE FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!
J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.

ARE now receiving a fine stock of Gentlemen's Clothing, made in the very latest Fall styles. Also, a fine assortment of Furnishing Goods, made expressly for J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO., No. 227 Main, above Third Street.
N. B.—Large size Garments of all styles.
September 19, 1860-w&twf.

FOR RENT.
THE two Store Rooms under the Metropolitan Hall.
Dec. 14, 1859-tf. **ORLANDO BROWN.**

W. H. KEENE,

Wholesale and retail Grocer and Dealer in all kinds of foreign and domestic Liquors.

Corner of St. Clair and Wapping Streets, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

Old Bourbon Whisky.
A well selected stock of old and new Bourbon Whisky—none better.

Cigars.
Just received, a supply of those celebrated "Ugues" and "Compania."

Garden Seeds.
A full assortment of Pitkin, Ward & Co.'s celebrated Garden Seeds constantly on hand during the season.

Groceries.
Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, and everything in the grocery line of the best quality and at fair prices.

Flour and Meal.
The best brands of Flour and Meal constantly on hand.

Family Supplies.
I have everything in the line of Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, &c. Also, Agricultural Implements, Garden and Field Seeds, Tobacco and Cigars, &c., all of which are selected from the best assortments and with great care.

I only ask an examination of my stock to insure sales. My terms are as heretofore, preferring cash, but will sell to prompt customers payable 1st January, May, and September. Call and see me. [ward & twtf] **W. H. KEENE.**

MOSELEY'S TUBULAR WROUGHT IRON

ARCH BRIDGES
AND CORRUGATED IRON ROOFS.
(ARCHED AND FLAT.)

ARE cheap as wood, and our manufactory is capable of supply and demand. Corrugated Iron Sheets constantly on hand of all sizes, painted and ready for shipment, with full instructions for applying them.
Leave orders at No. 66 West Third Street, Cincinnati. **MOSELEY & CO.**
April 2, 1860-by.

CAPITAL HOTEL,

Main Street, Frankfort, Ky.

JAMES R. WATSON, Proprietor.

HAVING taken this well known house for a term of years, and thoroughly refitted it in every department, I am now prepared to receive and accommodate, in superior style, all who may favor me with a call. The undivided and ceaseless attention of myself and assistants will be as personally directed to the comfort and pleasure of those who may honor the house with their patronage. If neat and clean beds, genteel rooms, a sumptuous table, and polite and attentive servants, will receive patronage, I am determined to deserve it. The Bar will be supplied at all times with the choicest liquors, cigars, and tobacco.
JAMES R. WATSON.
Frankfort, May 9, 1860.

SOMETHING NEW!

Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, Photographs, and Ivorytypes.

H. L. GOODWIN,

TAKES pleasure in informing the public that he has returned to Frankfort, and taken the Gallery of C. A. Clarke, adjoining the Telegraph Office, and that he would be pleased to wait on those wishing perfect likenesses of themselves or friends. It is confident he will be able to please the most fastidious in any kind of picture they may desire, from a life-size portrait to the smallest Daguerreotype or Ambrotype. Also, Daguerreotypes of deceased persons enlarged to the size of Life and Colored in Oil, and satisfaction given.

I am also prepared to make those gems of Photography, the Daguerreotype, which is truly the most durable small picture yet produced. The Ivorytype, (made only at this Gallery,) is acknowledged by all to be the most beautiful style of Photography pictures ever presented to the public. In brilliancy of tone and color, delicacy of finish, correctness of likeness, and durability, it is far superior to the best miniature on Ivory.
Call and See. Feb. 7, 1860-w&twf.

CIRCULAR.

JOHN A. FLYNN,
PROFESSOR OF

Drawing, Writing, and Book-keeping.

HE would respectfully inform the citizens of South Frankfort, that a class for Young Ladies will be opened on Monday, June 10th, 1861, at the residence of Rev. Mr. McMurphy, commencing at 8 o'clock, A. M., and closing at 9 o'clock.
A beautiful style, either in the Writing or Drawing Department, will be taught on the following terms:
For Writing, including materials, \$1 50 pr. mth. For Drawing, including materials, 2 25 pr. mth. Lessons in either department at the option of the pupil.

The Professor submits the following testimony:
Frankfort, Ky., May 22, 1861.
We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that our children have taken lessons in writing, under the care of Mr. John A. Flynn, and we are happy to say their improvement has been highly satisfactory. We consider Mr. Flynn a kind and efficient teacher, and we therefore most warmly recommend him to all the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity who may require his services.
James R. Watson, **W. H. Gray,**
H. G. Banta, **Mary W. Todd,**
Ben. F. Meek, **James R. Page,**
H. Rodman, **John C. Bates,**
Nelson Alley, **Abraham Welch,**
W. C. Sneed, **M. A. Gray,**
John W. Pruett, **Thos. N. Lindsey,**
James M. Todd, **Geo. Wythe Lewis.**
Frankfort, June 3, 1861-tf.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned, having been compelled by the late fire to change his location, has removed his

BOOT AND SHOE ESTABLISHMENT to the room lately occupied by Beyer and Cullenbrun, on Main Street, opposite to the Mansion House, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers, and by changing reasonable prices, such as suit the times, to merit and receive a fair proportion of public patronage.
L. STREIF.
May 27, 1861-w&twf.

AYER'S Ague Cure,

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache, or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in bilious derangement, caused by the Malaria of miasmatic countries.

No one remedy is louder called for by the necessities of the American people than a sure and safe cure for Fever and Ague. Such we are now enabled to offer, with a perfect certainty that it will eradicate the disease, and with assurance, founded on proof, that no harm can arise from its use in any quantity.

That which protects from or prevents this disorder must be of immense service in the communities where it prevails. Prevention is better than cure, for the patient escapes the risk which he must run in violent attacks of this bilious distemper. This "Cure" expels the miasmatic poison of Fever and Ague from the system and prevents the development of the disease, if taken on the first approach of its premonitory symptoms. It is not only the best remedy ever yet discovered for this class of complaints, but also the cheapest. The large quantity we supply for a dollar brings it within the reach of every body; and in bilious districts, where Fever and Ague prevails, every body should have it in their hands, and consequently cure them all. It is hoped this price will place it within the reach of all the poor as well as the rich. A great superiority of this remedy over any other ever discovered for the speedy and certain cure of Intermittents is, that it contains no Quinine or mineral, consequently it produces no quinine or other injurious effects whatever upon the constitution. Those cured by it are left as healthy as if they had never had the disease.

Fever and Ague is not alone the consequence of the miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arise from its irritation, among which are Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Painful Affection of the Spleen, Hysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis, and Derangement of the Stomach, all of which, when originating in this cause, put on the intermittent type, or become periodical. This "Cure" expels the poison from the blood, and consequently cures them all. It is an invaluable protection to immigrants and persons travelling, or temporarily residing in the malarious districts. If taken occasionally or daily while exposed to the infection, that will be exerted from the system, and cannot accumulate in sufficient quantity to ripen into disease. Hence it is even more valuable for protection than cure, and few will suffer from Intermittents, if they avail themselves of the protection this remedy affords.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC,

as so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their penetrating properties search, and cleanse, and correct the position of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitalities. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who is bowed down with pain or physical debility is astonished to find his health or energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac containing certificates of their cures and directions for their use in the following complaints: Costiveness, Headache, Nervousness, Indigestion, Stomachic Distention, Biliousness, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, and other kindred complaints, arising from a low state of the body, or obstruction of its functions. They are an excellent alternative for the removal of the blood, and the restoration of tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and when its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted that can never be forgotten, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO.
LOWELL, MASS.

For sale by J. M. MILLS and W. H. AVERILL, Frankfort, and by all Druggists.
R. A. ROBINSON & CO., Louisville, Ky.,
April 23, 1861-ly. General Agents.

PRATHER & SMITH,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS
AND LADIES' FURS.

429 Main Street, between Fourth and Fifth, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Oct. 24, 1860-w&twf.

Louisville and Frankfort and Lexington and Frankfort Railroad.
On and after Monday, April 22, 1861, trains will leave Frankfort as follows:
Trains going East at 7:15, A. M., and 3:30, P. M. The Morning Train makes connection with Jeffersonville at 2:50, P. M. The Afternoon Train makes connection with Jeffersonville, New Albany, and Ohio and Mississippi Rivers at 7:30, P. M. The Nashville Train leaves Louisville at 7:45, A. M., and 7:00, P. M.—making close connections for the South.

SAMUEL GILL, Superintendent.
April 24, 1860-tf. **Yeoman copy.**

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST and best assortment of CIGARS and TOBACCO ever brought to this city. A box of fine cigars makes a handsome Christmas or New Year's gift. Call and get them at [dec21] **GRAY & TODD'S.**

J. J. BUTLER'S EXCELSIOR FLUID INKS.

Mercantile, for general purposes, Record, for Ledgers and Records, Copying, for Letter Press, Carmine, of brilliant hue.

CELEBRATED FOR

1st. Intense black color, (at first of a greenish blue.)

2d. Easy flow from the Pen.

3d. Permanency, (will never fade by exposure.)

4th. Economy.

(EXPLANATION:—These Inks can be satisfactorily used to the last drop. Other domestic Inks in a brief time grow too thick for use, and are it only to be thrown away before half consumed.)

The Carmine may be exposed to the action of the air without injury.

Facts Confirming the above Qualities:

1st. These Writing Fluids are now in general use throughout the United States, with an increased demand.

2d. They have been analyzed by Dr. Chilton, the celebrated Chemist of New York City, and pronounced "equal in quality and durability to the best imported English Fluids." Manufactured by J. J. BUTLER, Agent, No. 39, Vine St., Cincinnati, O.

KEENON & GIBBONS are the Agents of the Manufacturer in Frankfort, and will supply Retailers at manufacturer's wholesale prices, with the addition of carriage.

April 10, 1861-by.

AN IMPORTANT DISCOVERY!!

For the cure of CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS AND COLDS.

THE MAKORA ARABICA,

DISCOVERED BY A Missionary while traveling in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Consumption should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are threatened with Consumption should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Bronchitis should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Sore Throat, Coughs, and Colds, should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Asthma, Scrofula, and Impurities of the Blood, should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Consumption should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Bronchitis should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Sore Throat, Coughs, and Colds, should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Asthma, Scrofula, and Impurities of the Blood, should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

This unequalled remedy is now for the first time introduced to the public.

It was providentially discovered by a missionary while traveling in Arabia. It was cured of Consumption by its use, after his case was pronounced hopeless by learned physicians in Europe.

He has forwarded to us, in writing, a full account of his own extraordinary cure, and of a number of other cures which have come under his observation, and also a full account of the medicine.

At his request, and impelled by a desire to extend a knowledge of this remedy to the public, we have had his communication printed in pamphlet form, and distributed gratis. Its interest is enhanced by an account which he gives of some of the scenes of the Syrian massacres, which he obtained from those who were sufferers in that awful tragedy. This pamphlet may be obtained at our office, or it will be sent free by mail to all who apply for it.

We import the MAKORA ARABICA direct from Smyrna, through the house of Cleon & Gylippus, and we have always on hand a full supply put up in bottles, ready for use, with full directions.

Price one dollar per bottle. Sent by mail, on receipt of price and 24 cents for postage.

For sale wholesale and retail by **LEEDS, GILMORE & CO.,** Importers of Drugs and Medicines, 61 Liberty street, New York.

ALSO, BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY. mar15-'61 w&twf

JOHN P. MORTON & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO MORTON & GRISWOLD.)
Bookbinders, Stationers, Binders, and Book and Job Printers, Main Street, Louisville, Ky.

HAVE constantly on hand a complete assortment of Law, Medical, Theological, Classical, School, and Miscellaneous Books, at low prices. Paper of every description, quality, and price.

Colleges, Schools, and Private Libraries supplied at a small advance on cost. Wholesale or Retail. [July 13, 1860-by.]

PHOENIX FOUNDRY.

TENTH ST. BETWEEN MAIN AND CANAL, OPPOSITE THE ARTESIAN WELL, WM. H. GRAINGER, Agent.

MANUFACTURER OF Steam Engines and Machinery for Saw or Grist Mills, Coal Mines, &c., &c., Cranks, Gudgeons, Rag Irons, Saw Slides, Carriage Segments, Cotton Gin Segments, and Pimions, Car Wheels, Grate Bars, Mill Spindles, Mill Dogs and Stirrups always on hand.

Hotchkiss' Reaction Water Wheels for Grist or Saw Mills.
A large assortment of Patterns for Mill Gear, Castings made at the shortest notice.

W. H. GRAINGER, Agent, Louisville, Ky.
January 17, 1860-tf.

Notice to Trespassers.

WE, the undersigned, forbid hunting, shooting, and cutting trees upon our premises. The law will be enforced against all who do so.

Joseph Terry, S. B. Scofield, Thomas Elliott, Joseph Parrent, Jephtha D. Parrent, Wm. T. Reading, Dr. J. R. Hawkins, A. B. Read, Hugh Allen, Talbot Collins.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, February 1st, 1861. ly

NATIONAL HOTEL,

Corner Main and Fourth Streets, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Aug. 16, 1861. **T. A. HARROW, Prop'r.**

WINE, LIQUORS, &c.

OF EVERY VARIETY, vintage, name, and quality, for sale

THE COMMONWEALTH. KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

IN SENATE.

THURSDAY, October 3, 1861.

The Senate was opened with prayer by the Rev. T. C. McKee, of the Baptist Church.

The journal of yesterday was read by the Clerk.

A communication from Senator Johnson, in relation to claims for the expenses incurred by him in visiting Cairo, Mayfield and Columbus, on official visits to preserve the peace, was laid before the Senate, and on motion, referred to the select committee heretofore appointed to investigate the conduct of the Senator in visiting Gen. Polk.

A MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE.

Was received by Mr. LYNE, announcing the passage of a bill which originated in that House, for the appropriation of money; also, of a joint resolution entitled "a resolution in relation to absent members," also, other bills which originated in that House; and that the House had concurred in the Senate amendments to the bill to enlarge the powers of the Military Board, and increase their pay.

REPORTS.

Mr. CHILES—Finance—A. H. R. bill for the benefit of Estis, of Rockcastle county: passed.

Mr. PENNEBAKER—Judiciary—A. H. R. bill entitled "an act for the benefit of Thomas J. Jackson, executor of Beekley Jackson, deceased": passed.

Mr. DEHAVEN—Finance—asked to be discharged from further consideration of a leave to bring in a bill for the benefit of Alfred Smith: discharged.

Same—A bill for the benefit of John P. Frederick: passed.

RULES SUSPENDED.

On motion of Mr. READ, to take up the House bills:

A bill for the benefit of William Millwood: passed.

"An act for the appropriation of money."

Mr. DEHAVEN moved an amendment, which was adopted, allowing Messrs. READ and T. F. MARSHALL for expenses on trip to visit Southern Kentucky.

The amendment of Mr. WALTON, to allow Dr. Vallandigham one dollar per day, instead of fifty cents, was adopted.

The amendment of Mr. GOODLOE, to allow the assistant clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives ten, instead of eight dollars per day, was adopted.

The amendment of Mr. PRALL, to allow ten dollars clerk hire for committee on Federal Relations, was adopted.

The bill, after sundry amendments, some adopted and others rejected, was passed—yeas, 21; nays, 1.

A MESSAGE FROM THE H. R.

Was received by Mr. LYNE, Assistant Clerk, announcing that the House had rejected a bill concerning the Penitentiary, and passed an act for the benefit of the city of Covington.

ENROLLMENTS.

Mr. GILLISS reported a number of bills correctly enrolled, which were signed by the Speaker.

RESOLUTION.

Mr. BUSH offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the committee on Public Buildings to inquire and report what legislation, if any, is necessary to secure a clear and healthy entrance to the capitol building.

A MESSAGE FROM THE H. R.

Was received by Mr. LYNE, announcing that the Governor had notified the House of his approval of sundry bills which originated in the House of Representatives.

RESOLUTION.

The rules having been suspended for that purpose, Mr. PENNEBAKER offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the committee on the Sinking Fund be requested to report whether the present value of stocks deposited to secure the money loaned by the commissioners of that fund is now sufficient for that purpose; and whether any of the creditors of that fund are now in the Confederate army, or in open sympathy with those now invading this State, and destroying the income of that fund; and whether any of the creditors aforesaid have made transfers of their property in Kentucky preparatory to leaving the State; and whether any efforts are being made to collect the money loaned from that fund; and whether any additional legislation is necessary to collect or receive said fund; and report by bill or otherwise.

REPORT.

Mr. PRALL, from the committee on Federal Relations, made the following report, which was unanimously adopted, viz: [For report see our editorial columns.]

RESOLUTION.

The rules being suspended, Mr. PENNEBAKER offered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the committee on Public Offices be requested to examine and report at our adjourned session—

1st. Whether any of the State officers have aided the rebellion and invasion of the State, either directly or indirectly, and if any are disloyal whether in their official relations with the public relations of the State any injury can be done by them.

2d. And whether they hold their offices under acts of the Legislature which can be repealed, or under the constitution; and if the latter, whether the salaries of all such disloyal officers can be reduced; and that the committee have power to send for persons and papers.

A HOUSE BILL.

A H. R. bill in relation to the city of Covington was taken up and passed.

The House resolution in relation to absent members was concurred in.

And then the Senate took a recess until 4 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

The Senate met at 4 o'clock, according to adjournment.

A MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE.

Was received by Mr. LYNE, announcing the passage of a Senate bill, and that they had adopted a substitute to the Senate resolution in relation to the arrest of members of the Legislature; also that the House had agreed to three amendments of the Senate to the "bill for the appropriation of money," and had disagreed to one of the Senate's amendments to said bill.

The Senate insisted upon the amendment to the appropriation bill, which the H. R. had disagreed to.

The Senate took up the substitute of the H. R. to the Senate's resolution in relation to the arrest of members of the General Assembly.

Mr. WALTON moved to postpone the consideration of the resolution until 8 o'clock to-night: negative.

Mr. WORTHINGTON briefly opposed the substitute of the H. R.; he hoped the Senate would adhere to its own action.

Mr. GLENN replied to Mr. WORTHINGTON, and urged the adoption of the substitute of the House.

Mr. WHITAKER opposed the substitute of the H. R.

Mr. READ made an explanation in relation to the action of the committee, and the evidence taken before them. He favored the substitute of the House. He vindicated the action of the committee, and the correctness of their report.

Mr. WHITAKER replied briefly to Mr. READ, and opposed the substitute of the House.

The vote was taken upon concurring in the House's substitute, and it was decided in the negative by yeas 6, nays 16.

REPORT.

Mr. GRIER—Public Buildings—Made a report in relation to those duty it is to keep the hall and entrances to the Capitol clean and in order. The report states it to be the duty of the Librarian to attend to that duty. This report was made in obedience to a resolution of inquiry passed by the Senate: the report was concurred in.

The Senate took a recess until 8 o'clock to-night.

NIGHT SESSION.

A MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR

Was received by Mr. TATE, Assistant Secretary of State, announcing his approval of sundry Senate bills.

RESOLUTION.

The rules being suspended, Mr. SPEED offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the committee on Banks, during the recess, investigate and report upon the condition and management of the Bank of Louisville.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

YEAS—Mr. Speaker, (Fisk.) Messrs. Wm. Anthony, Baker, Bruner, Bush, Chiles, Davidson, DeHaven, Denny, Field, Gillis, Goodloe, Grier, Jenkins, M. P. Marshall, Pennebaker, Read, Robinson, Spalding, Speed, Walton, Whitaker, Worthington—23.

NAYS—Mr. Glenn—1.

The Senator from Todd Mr. GLENN, gave as a reason for his vote in the negative, that the State owned no stock in that Bank; subsequently the Senator from Boyle, Mr. WORTHINGTON, produced the Auditor's report showing that the State owned 406 shares of the stock in the Bank of Louisville, when the Senator from Todd, Mr. GLENN, asked leave to change his vote and voted for the resolution.

A MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

Was received by Mr. LYNE, announcing that the House had received information from the Governor of his approval of sundry bills; that they had receded from the 3d amendment to the appropriation bill; disagreed to the Senate amendments to the bill in relation to raising volunteers, and had passed sundry bills.

H. R. BILLS.

An act for the benefit of Wm. Willard: passed.

An act for the benefit of the sheriff of Washington county: passed.

A MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR

Was received by Mr. TATE, Assistant Secretary of State, nominating W. A. Dudley, Quartermaster-General, vice M. D. West, resigned.

On motion of Mr. SPEED, the nomination was confirmed.

A MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

Was received by Mr. LYNE, Assistant Clerk, announcing that the Governor had approved "an act supplemental to an act, entitled, an act to amend an act, entitled, an act for the regulation of the militia, and to provide for the arming of the State, approved May 24, 1861, and also further to provide for the public defense.

RESOLUTION.

By Mr. PRALL, to print certain acts, reports and other documents, for the use of the members of the Senate and H. R. and Military Board: adopted.

And then the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, Oct. 3, 1861.

Prayer by the Rev. J. M. LANCASTER, of the Catholic Church.

The reading of the journal of yesterday was dispensed with.

ENROLLMENTS.

Mr. BACHELLER reported sundry bills correctly enrolled, and they were signed by SPEAKER, and delivered to the committee to be presented to the Senate.

BILL REPORTED.

Mr. TEVIS—Select committee—A bill for the benefit of William Millwood: passed.

A SENATE BILL TAKEN UP.

An act to repeal the 8th section, of an act in relation to the Penitentiary: [repeals the part of the act for appointing of Commissioners.]

Mr. BURNAM opposed the bill briefly.

Mr. J. B. COCHRAN also opposed the bill.

Mr. PROCTOR also opposed the bill.

Mr. WARD opposed the bill, as the Governor could remove the commissioners.

Mr. HUSTON advocated the passage of the bill.

Mr. EDMUNDS opposed the bill briefly.

The bill was then rejected, by yeas 23; nays 42.

A MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Was received by Mr. HAWKINS, Assistant Clerk, announcing the passage of a Senate resolution in relation to the committee appointed to visit Harrodsburg.

ENROLLMENTS.

Mr. BACHELLER reported sundry Senate bills correctly enrolled which were signed by the SPEAKER and sent to the Senate.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. TURNER offered a resolution directing the committee on the Penitentiary to inquire into the expediency of making a loan to the Keeper of the Penitentiary to enable him to feed and clothe the prisoners, upon his securing the same by ample security; and that they report at 4 o'clock this evening: adopted.

Mr. POINDEXTER offered a resolution requesting the Governor to inform the House who are the Commissioners of the Penitentiary, and how they have discharged their duties, &c.: adopted.

PRIVILEGED MOTIONS.

Mr. RANKIN asked to be excused from serving on the select committee appointed to inquire into the official delinquency of Judge E. P. Nuttall: excused.

Mr. BUSH was appointed in his place.

Mr. BURNS also asked to be excused from the same committee: excused.

Mr. EDMUNDS was appointed in his place.

A MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

A message was received from the Governor, by Mr. GAITHER, Secretary of State, announcing that he had approved and signed sundry enrolled bills.

REPORTS.

Mr. BURNAM—Education—asked to be discharged from leave to bring in a bill for the benefit of Jas. D. Ballard: discharged.

Mr. G. CLAY SMITH—Circuit Courts—A bill to amend the charter of the city of Covington: passed.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

A Senate resolution in relation to the arrest of Messrs. IRVAN, SILVERTOOTH and EWING, was taken up. [For this resolution see Senate proceedings of yesterday.]

Mr. EDMUNDS opposed the resolution briefly.

Mr. W. C. ANDERSON had a paper read, in relation to the arrests, from citizens of Mercer county.

Mr. WOLFE advocated the passage of the Senate resolution at considerable length.

Mr. HUSTON offered the resolution proposed by the committee who visited Harrodsburg in relation to those arrests—as a substitute for the Senate resolution. He urged the adoption of the substitute.

[This resolution, offered as a substitute, has been heretofore published.]

Mr. ELLIOTT also advocated the adoption of the substitute.

Mr. W. C. ANDERSON opposed the substitute, and advocated the passage of the Senate's resolution.

Mr. BURNAM spoke in favor of the substitute.

Mr. RANKIN addressed the House in support of the Senate resolution.

Mr. HUSTON offered the following, in place of his former substitute, for the Senate resolution, viz:

Resolved, That the arrest of Geo. W. Ewing, Geo. W. Silvertooth, and John L. Irvan, members of this General Assembly, was illegal, and is disapproved; but it is not intended hereby to impugn the motions of the persons making said arrest.

Mr. ALLEN moved that the whole matter be referred to a select committee of five: negative.

Mr. G. M. THOMAS moved the previous question: ordered.

The substitute of Mr. HUSTON was then adopted, by yeas 45; nays 18.

The resolution, as amended by the substitute, was then adopted by yeas 43; nays 23.

A MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Was received from Mr. HAWKINS, Assistant Clerk, announcing the passage of a bill which originated in the Senate, and the passage of several House bills; among them the H. R. bill for the appropriation of money, with several amendments.

The H. R. bill for the appropriation of money, amended by the Senate, was taken up.

The first amendment was concurred in. [Allowing D. B. Garrard, clerk of Senate committee on Federal Relations, \$10.]

The second amendment of Senate was disagreed to. [Allowing A. W. Vallandigham \$1 instead of 50 cents per day for negro man.]

The third amendment, allowing the Assistant Clerks of the Senate and H. R. \$10 per day, instead of \$8, was concurred in by yeas 35, nays 32.

The fourth amendment was concurred in.

A MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Was received by Mr. HAWKINS, announcing the passage of a H. R. resolution in relation to absent members, and the passage of a H. R. bill to amend the charter of the city of Covington.

ENROLLMENTS.

Mr. BACHELLER reported several bills correctly enrolled, and they were signed by the SPEAKER and sent to the Senate by the hands of the committee.

RESOLUTION.

Mr. J. B. COCHRAN offered the following resolution, viz:

Resolved, That the clerk of this House be directed to furnish the Auditor with a list of the members of this House now absent on leave, and also the day on which leave was granted them.

Mr. BUSH moved to insert, "and the day on which they left."

Mr. GEO. W. THOMAS moved to refer the resolution and amendment to a select committee of three to report this evening.

Mr. W. C. ANDERSON moved that the whole matter be laid on the table.

And then the House took a recess until 7½ o'clock.

NIGHT SESSION.

The House met at 7½ o'clock, according to adjournment.

A MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Was received by Mr. HAWKINS, announcing that the Senate had disagreed to an amendment to the Senate resolution in relation to the arrest of members.

Also, that the Senate insist on their amendment to the bill for the appropriation of money.

A MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

A message was received from the Governor, announcing his approval of sundry H. R. bills.

Also, a message in response to a resolution of the H. R. in relation to commissioners of the Penitentiary: referred to the committee on the Penitentiary.

BILLS REPORTED.

Mr. HAYES—A bill for the benefit of the sheriff of Washington county: passed.

Mr. TEVIS—A bill for the benefit of William Millwood: passed.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

An act for the appropriation of money. [The Senate insisted upon their amendment allowing A. W. Vallandigham \$1 per day for services of his negro man instead of 50 cents, the amount fixed by the H. R.]

Mr. ANDREWS moved that the House recede from its disagreement to the Senate's amendment: carried by yeas 49; nays 17.

A Senate resolution in relation to the arrest of Messrs. IRVAN, SILVERTOOTH and EWING, was amended by this House by the adoption of a substitute: the Senate refused to concur in the substitute of the H. R.

Mr. J. B. COCHRAN moved that the whole subject be laid on the table: carried by yeas 40, nays 29.

RESOLUTION.

Mr. BURNAM offered a resolution directing the Public Printer to forward by mail to the members the sheets of the journals yet to be printed: adopted.

BILL REPORTED.

Mr. B. R. YOUNG—Penitentiary—A bill for the benefit of J. W. South, keeper of the Penitentiary. [Authorizes a loan out of the Treasury of \$5,000 for one year at 6 per cent. interest.]

Some discussion ensued on the bill.

Mr. FINNELL offered the following substitute:

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That upon J. W. South's presenting his application to the Governor of the Commonwealth to be discharged from all further liability on account of his contract as lessee and keeper of the penitentiary, he shall be discharged, and the said contract shall be cancelled.

Mr. F. withdrew his substitute after some discussion.

The bill was then slightly amended in some of its verbiage. The further readings dispensed with, and the bill was then rejected by yeas 38, nays 31—requiring 51 votes to pass it.

A MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Was received, announcing the passage of several bills which originated in the H. R.; also that the Senate had adopted a resolution in relation to the Bank of Louisville, in which they ask the concurrence of this House.

A MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR

Was received by Mr. GAITHER, Secretary of State, informing the House of his approval of the supplemental military bill, which originated in this House, [authorizing an additional loan of \$2,000,000 to be negotiated by the Military Board.]

ENROLLMENTS.

Mr. BACHELLER reported several bills correctly enrolled, and they were signed by the Speaker, and sent to the Senate.

ORDERS RESUMED.

The following Senate resolution was taken up, viz:

Resolved, That the committee on Banks, during the recess, investigate and report upon the condition and management of the Bank of Louisville.

Mr. BUSH offered an amendment to strike out "the Bank of Louisville," and insert "all the banks of issue of this State."

Mr. FINNELL advocated the resolution, and opposed the amendment.

Mr. BUSH advocated his amendment.

Mr. ANDREWS advocated the resolution.

Mr. IRELAND moved the previous question: ordered.

The vote was then taken on the adoption of Mr. BUSH's amendment, and it was decided in the negative by yeas 14, nays 57.

The resolution was then adopted.

A MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Was received, announcing that the Senate had received official information that the Governor had approved and signed several bills which originated in the Senate.

COMMITTEE ON BANKS.

On motion of Mr. TEVIS, Messrs. N. WOLFE and W. C. ANDERSON were added to the committee on Banks.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. HUSTON offered a joint resolution—"to appoint a committee of three, two from the House and one from the Senate, to arrange with the Government of the United States the indebtedness of this State incurred in the defense, and to aid in suppressing rebellion, and for that purpose shall confer with the proper authorities of the United States Government; and that they report their action to this General Assembly."

The consideration of the resolution was postponed.

Mr. HUSTON offered a joint resolution, that the General Assembly take a recess from the 4th day of October, 1861, at 12 o'clock, until the Wednesday after the 4th Monday in November, 1861: adopted.

Mr. ANDREWS moved that when the House adjourn, it move to meet at 8½ o'clock to-morrow: adopted.

Mr. ELLIOTT offered a resolution requiring the Public Printer to forward acts, &c., to the members, by mail, and the Auditor to pay postage on them: adopted.

BILL REPORTED.

Mr. TURNER—A bill for the benefit of John W. Clay, sheriff of Montgomery county: passed.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow at 8½ o'clock.

ATTENTION ANDERSON GUARDS!—The Anderson Guards will meet at their armory, in South Frankfort, Saturday evening, at 4 o'clock. By order of the Captain.

WILLIAM M. LONG, O. S.

INTERESTING TO VOLUNTEERS.—The Secretary of War has directed that the Paymaster General of the army shall arrange for the payment of volunteers as directed by the provisions of the act of Congress relating thereto, dated July 24, and as amended August 6, 1861, viz: When organized and accepted by the Governors of the several States, without regard to the date of mustering into the service of the United States, provided payment has not been made by the respective States, for which the Government will eventually be liable. When volunteer regiments have been accepted by the War Department, upon what are termed independent acceptances, pay will be allowed from the date of the organization of each company, with the minimum number of men. Satisfactory evidence in each case must be shown.

RUSSELL ARRESTED FOR SHOOTING GAME ON SUNDAY.—The Chicago Tribune learns that the correspondent of the London Times has been arrested near Wilmington, Illinois, for a violation of the statute which forbids shooting on Sunday. The Doctor was after prairie chickens with a two-barreled shot-gun. His case is a hard one. After having made game of the American Eagle for many months, shooting all the while with a long bow, to be now hauled before a country justice of the peace for wild banting at grouse, is too bad.

St. Louis, Oct. 2.—In consequence of the secession of the Cherokee Nation, and its alliance with the Southern Confederacy, Col. McNeil, Assistant Provost Marshal, issued a proclamation, notifying the St. Louis Building and Savings Association, that the sum of \$33,000, part of the annuity paid Cherokee by the Government of the United States, now on deposit in that institution, is, under an act of Congress, forfeited to the United States, and confiscated to their use and benefit.

GALLIPOLIS, Ohio, Oct. 2.—The expedition planned by Col. J. V. Guthrie, of the first Kentucky regiment, and sent out under Lieut. Col. E. Nyart and Col. Pratt, has returned. They encountered the enemy at Chapmanville under Col. J. Lucien Davis, of Greenbrier, and utterly routed them. The enemy lost between 50 and 60 killed. Our loss was 4 killed. The enemy returned to Charleston on the 30th.

Proclamation by the Governor.

WHEREAS, The following resolutions, viz: have this day been passed by both Houses of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the Governor's objections thereto to the contrary notwithstanding, and are therefore the law of the land, I do hereby issue this my proclamation, enjoining all officers and citizens of this State to render obedience to all the requirements of said resolutions, and in obedience thereto, I have ordered Gen. Thomas L. Crittenden to execute the purposes contemplated by said resolutions; and I hereby require all citizens of Kentucky subject to military duty to obey the call which the said Gen. Crittenden may make upon them in accordance with the provisions of said resolutions.

WHEREAS, Kentucky has been invaded by the forces of the so-called Confederate States, and the commanders of the forces so invading the State have insolently prescribed the conditions upon which they will withdraw, thus insulting the dignity of the State by demanding terms to which Kentucky cannot listen without dishonor; therefore,

1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That the invaders must be expelled; inasmuch as there are now in Kentucky Federal troops assembled for the purpose of preserving the tranquility of the State, and of defending and protecting the people of Kentucky in the peaceful enjoyment of their lives and property, it is—

2. Further resolved, That General Robert Anderson, a native Kentuckian, who has been appointed to the command of the Department of Cumberland, be requested to take instant command, with authority and power from this Commonwealth to call out a volunteer force in Kentucky for the purpose of repelling the invaders from our soil.

THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT.

J. H. JOHNSON, Editor.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1861.

Office of Clerk of the Senate.

The Clerk of the Senate would inform the members of the Legislature and all other persons having official business with him, that his office is in the 2d story of the Commonwealth Office building, where he may be found, except when the Senate is in session, or he is otherwise necessarily absent.

Extra copies of THE DAILY COMMONWEALTH can be supplied (put up in wrappers ready for mailing,) at the rate of \$3 per hundred. All orders for papers should be given the day before the issue of the particular number of the paper which is wanted.

Gentlemen who wish papers can leave their orders at the office, or with John M. Todd, in the House of Representatives, or Geo. W. Lewis, in the Senate chamber.

Report of Hon. John A. Prall, chairman of the Senate committee on Federal Relations.

The committee on Federal Relations, to whom have been referred sundry resolutions and memorials in opposition to the direct tax, levied by an act of Congress at its late extra session, for the purpose of aiding the government in resisting the efforts now being made for its destruction, would respectfully ask to be discharged from the further consideration of the same. Your committee would take occasion to suggest to the memorialists, that in our judgment they have mistaken the body to which it would be proper for them to apply and present the grounds of their opposition to the measure referred to. The tax to which they object was imposed by the action of the General Government, of which Kentucky is a member, and the authority of which is paramount and supreme within the scope of the powers delegated to it by the Federal Constitution, and no one of those powers is more clearly defined than that which authorizes Congress to lay and collect taxes. If there be just ground of objection to the legislation complained of by the petitioners, they should therefore present their grievances to Congress, and attempt, through the regular forms of the government, to procure the repeal of the objectionable laws. Your committee, while they would jealously guard the internal authority, and the individuality of the States as distinct political organizations, recognized as such in our Federative system, would nevertheless reject, as wholly untenable and utterly destructive of the government itself, the assumption of a power on the part of any member of the Union to repeal and annul, at its own will and caprice, any law of Congress from which it might be disposed to dissent.

The inauguration of such a principle would at once subvert the fundamental ideas upon which the Government is based, and leave in its stead a mere confederation of sovereignties too frail and weak to subsist for a day. To remain a part of the Federal Union, and at the same time resist, or attempt to obstruct, the payment of taxes levied upon all its citizens for its maintenance and support, would be only a disguised and covert form of rebellion and revolution. We can, therefore, regard the prayer of the petitioners as nothing less than an invitation to this body to defy the will of the people spoken so often and in tones so distinct and emphatic at the polls, and to ignore our own solemn obligations as the representatives of a free and loyal constituency, by plunging this Commonwealth in the stormy vortex of revolution, and uniting in the fierce and wicked effort now being made to dismember and destroy the noblest and freest Government ever instituted among men. Kentucky has seen, in the grievances complained of by the South, no just cause for revolution against her Government, and she utterly repudiates and rejects the doctrine of secession. It has no warrant in reason or sound political philosophy, and is in conflict with the spirit and genius of our institutions. Unlike other Governments ours was happily provided by its patriotic founders with the amplest means of removing every oppression in its administration, and correcting every error which experience might develop in its form and structure, through its own peaceful agencies. We see no ground, therefore, in the passage of an objectionable law, or in the election of a public functionary in opposition to our wishes, to break up and destroy our Government. Legislation is subject to the revision and scrutiny of the people who are the ultimate sources of power, and public magistrates are elected for limited terms, but our Government was formed to survive the transitory existence of parties, and to endure forever.

We are not ready, then, to counsel any act of insubordination upon the part of Kentucky towards a Government under whose mild and benignant sway we have enjoyed so much prosperity and happiness, and which, while it has secured the amplest protection to every citizen at home and abroad, has only been felt in the boundless beneficence of its blessings.

But the views we have attempted to develop have been infinitely strengthened by events which have transpired since these memorials were received. Kentucky has hitherto forbore to take part by furnishing her quota of soldiers to repel the war which has been waged for the destruction of the Union, and while condemning the rebellion she has nevertheless refused, in the fullness of her fraternal feelings, to strike a blow against those who were attempting to destroy the

Government which she has ever cherished, and to which she will steadily adhere. But how has her forbearance, which she has maintained even to the very verge of loyalty, been appreciated and rewarded? By an armed invasion of our State, and by a determined effort through military power to subjugate our people into submission to the authority of the so-called Southern Confederacy, and thus to reverse by the sword the verdict of the people pronounced at the polls. Even now the desolating tread of the invader is upon our soil; our fields are laid waste; our towns are burned, and our citizens are driven from their homes, and Kentucky has been compelled to appeal to her Government, and to call forth the youth and chivalry of the Commonwealth, to drive back the ruthless invader. In this emergency the General Government has promptly responded to our call, and even now thousands of true and heroic men from our sister States are standing between our homes and the desolating march of the foe. The revenue which we are called upon to contribute to our Government, with many millions more, is being expended by that Government in the defense of our State, and to shield our hearth-stones and our homes from ruin and desolation. In the opinion of your committee, then, every feeling of gratitude, every consideration of interest, and every sentiment of loyalty, concur in opposition to the prayer of the petitioners.

The War in Kentucky.

We learn from a reliable source that Col. T. T. Garrard met an advance force of Zollicoffer's army, when an engagement ensued. The rebels were defeated with considerable loss in killed and wounded, and were driven back to Barboursville.

A secession camp in Carter county was attacked by two companies of Home Guards. The battle resulted in the complete rout of the rebels, almost their entire camp being killed or taken prisoners.

News was received here last night that Jim Chrisman marched into Wayne, (his native county,) at the head of a company of rebels, which he had recruited in Tennessee. He was met by a detachment of Col. Hoskins's command, and completely routed. Chrisman was shot through the shoulder and taken prisoner. The rebels suffered great loss in killed and wounded.

SENATOR WORTHINGTON.—When the "bill to raise volunteer forces, and to repel the invasion of the State, and for other purposes," was passed in the Senate, Mr. Worthington, the Senator from Boyle, voted against the bill, and had entered on the journal his reason for so doing, which are as follows, viz: "Mr. Worthington, when he recorded his vote, said that he had objections to the bill, and that he voted against it because he had no confidence in the Governor, and would not confide any trust whatever to his hands."

We make this statement in justice to Senator Worthington, as some persons might suppose that he was not a true Union man from the fact that in that vote his name appears, alone of all the Union Senators, against the bill. If he has erred in this vote, we assure our readers, and the constituents of that gentleman, that it has been from an excess of strong Union feeling, and not from any want of fidelity to his party and his constituents. There is not, we verily believe, a more undivided friend of the Union, and the true interest of the State, in either House, than Senator C. T. Worthington.

The Louisville Journal says, General Thomas L. Crittenden has been appointed Brigadier General by the United States Government. We announce his appointment with great pleasure. He is among the truest and noblest and best of the martial spirits of the nation. He combines all the qualities of a military leader in an eminent degree. He is cool, prudent, cautious, and wise, and yet, when occasion demands it, as daring and impetuous as a cataphract.

We earnestly hope that Brigadier General Crittenden's sphere of duty will be at present in Kentucky, for our old State cannot well spare the services of her chivalric son in this crisis of her destinies.

Miss Herries Gray's School.

We invite the attention of the public to this most excellent school for small boys and girls, taught at the late residence of Humphrey Evans, adjoining the premises of Col. Garrard.

We have no hesitation in recommending this school, and we do so with entire confidence that no one who shall patronize it will be dissatisfied. Miss Gray has considerable experience in teaching, and none can be more kind and careful of the moral training of her pupils than she. We, therefore, bespeak for her the patronage of the public.

We learn from the Lexington Observer and Reporter that L. B. Grigsby, Esq., of Clarke, has been authorized to raise a regiment of volunteers for the defense of the State, and is rapidly filling up his regiment. Col. Grigsby is an intelligent, efficient, energetic, gallant gentleman; and assisted as he is by L. C. Webster, of Clarke, as Lieutenant Colonel, and J. Smith Hurt, Esq., of Bath, as Major—both admirably fitted in every respect for the positions—we predict that the regiment will be one of the finest in the State. Several of the companies have gone into camp at the Olympian Springs, and Col. Grigsby is confident that he will be ready to report his regiment full by Monday next.

THE ADVANCE.—Regiments were despatched from Camp Dick Robinson last week for the mountains, under command of Col. Garrard and Col. Wolford, and that they are to be reinforced by several other regiments from that camp, among them Col. Bramlette's.

The following is a list of the appointments, made at the late session of the Kentucky Annual Conference, for the ensuing year:

LEXINGTON DISTRICT.—Jno. C. Harrison, P. E. Lexington, 1st Charge—Robert Hiner. Lexington, 2d Charge—Stephen Noland. Frankfort—Wm. McD. Abbott. Versailles and Georgetown—Wm. F. T. Spruill. Nicholasville—Clarke Polley. Jessamine and Woodford—W. T. Benton. Winchester and Mt. Zion—Jos. Rand. Vienna—H. Winslow Abbott. Mt. Sterling—H. Clay Northcut. Oxford—Dan. W. Axline. Salem and Mt. Zion—J. C. Hardy, Supernumerary. Leesburg—Wm. H. Parker. Paris and North Middletown—W. C. Dandy.

HARRISBURG DISTRICT.—J. G. Bruce, P. E. Harrisburg—G. W. Merritt. Danville—John R. Eades. Perryville and White Chapel—Thos. J. Dodd. Perryville Circuit—Anselm Miner. Maxville—W. C. Campbell. Lancaster Circuit—E. M. Cole. Richmond and Providence—Duke Slavens. Madison—F. T. Johns. Crab Orchard—W. G. Johns. Lancaster and Stanford—B. M. Messick. Somerset—Joshua Taylor. Pulaski—John L. Gragg. Salvisa—P. E. Kavanagh.

SHELBYVILLE DISTRICT.—L. G. Hicks, P. E. Shelbyville—D. Stevenson; J. F. Vampelt, Supernumerary. Shelby Circuit—Jas. J. Johnston. Simpsonville—G. L. Gould. Taylorville—J. C. Miner. Bloomfield—J. W. Cunningham. Lagrange—Thos. J. Gaddy. Westport—Wm. C. Atmore. Bedford—Geo. W. Crumbaugh. Carrollton—Jedediah Foster. New Castle—W. H. Winter; S. S. Deering, Supernumerary. Lawrenceburg—C. W. Miller. Lockport—John A. Humphrey.

COVINGTON DISTRICT.—W. B. Kavanagh, P. E. Covington—E. P. Buckner. Latonia—David Walk. Newport—H. J. Perry. Alexandria—Orson Long. Pleasant Ridge—W. L. Furnace. (Palmouth—Paul H. Hofman. Oddville—Ransom Lancaster. Millersburg—T. P. C. Shelman. Cynthiana—W. J. Shively. Carlisle—Thos. F. Vanmeter. Warsaw—Jas. Hervey Brooking. Crutenden—Jos. Rankin. Burlington—Jeremiah Strother. Owensboro—D. McCasland. Eagle Creek Mission—J. P. Grinstead. L. D. Huston—Editor Home Circle and Sunday School Visitor. Geo. W. Savage—Principal Millersburg Female College.

MAYSVILLE DISTRICT.—S. L. Robertson, P. E. Maysville—Hiram P. Walker. Minerva—Milton Piles. Washington and Germantown—J. M. Johnson. Shannon and Sardis—B. F. Sedwick. Mount Olive—Milton Mann. Flemingsburg—S. H. Hall. Poplar Plains and Hillsboro—L. D. Parker. Fox Creek—J. W. Fitch. Owingsville—G. W. Smith. Sharpsburg and Bethel—J. C. C. Thompson. (Clarksburg—J. W. Zimmerman. Lewis—J. S. Cox. Tilton—W. D. Power. Orangeburg—Elkanah Johnson. J. S. Bayless—Chaplain Col. Marshall's Regiment Kentucky Volunteers.

IRVINE DISTRICT.—W. W. Chamberlain, P. E. Irvine—L. B. Pearsall. Morehead—Jos. P. Smith. Morgan—To be supplied. Prestonburg—To be supplied. Pikeville—R. Brass. Stanton—To be supplied. Jackson—To be supplied.

BARBOURVILLE DISTRICT.—ELIAS BOTNER, P. E. Barboursville and Manchester—Jas. Randall.

London Mission—To be supplied. Mount Vernon—To be supplied. Williamsburg—To be supplied. Yellow Creek—To be supplied. Booneville and Proctor—To be supplied. Whitesburg—To be supplied.

THE ARMY IN KENTUCKY.—We give below the present organization of the Federal Army in Kentucky:

Commander of the Department—Brig. Gen. Robert Anderson. Brigadier Generals—W. T. Sherman (of the army), Thos L. Crittenden, William Nelson, and W. Z. Ward.

INFANTRY.

- Colonel Lovell H. Rousseau, (in service.)
- Colonel John H. Ward.
- Colonel Edward H. Hobson.
- Colonel Wade Valegas.
- Colonel Thomas J. Bramlette.
- Colonel Speed S. Fry.
- Colonel T. T. Garrard.
- Colonel Curran Pope.
- Colonel John M. Harlan.
- Colonel William A. Hoskins.
- Colonel Geo. W. Anderson.
- Colonel Jere T. Boyle.
- Colonel Stephen Ormsby.

CAVALRY.

- Colonel Frank Wolford.
- Colonel James S. Jackson.
- Colonel Bayless.

Besides these organizations, all of which have been accepted in advance, some of the Colonels even having been appointed at Washington, there is quite a large force of loyalists known as the Home Guard (in contradistinction to the State Guard,) and of these the city of Louisville alone has 1,200 to 1,500.

At the time of the arrest of Morey and others at Cynthiana on Monday, a young man by the name of W. W. Cleary made himself a little too numerous. It was hinted to him, that if he did not make himself scarce, he might keep them company. He took the hint—and the first shot, too.

[Cin. Enquirer, 2nd.

A Hermit resides upon one of the islands off the Pacific coast. He lives in a cabin seven miles from a neighbor, refuses to converse with any one who happens to approach his quarters, but retires at once and closes the door. He is said to possess plenty of means, and a few years ago lived in Napa Valley, where he was remarkable for his social disposition and business capacity.

The Storm in Western New York—Great Destruction of Property.

The Buffalo and Rochester papers bring us additional particulars of the storm in Western New York.

The Rochester Union says: The storm which has just visited this section of the country was unusually severe. Thursday was a very mild day, but toward evening it began to rain, and before midnight it had become a steady storm. Rain continued to fall through the most of yesterday with scarcely any cessation. In the latter part of the day, the storm became more violent, and the wind rose as the rain increased. Take it altogether, it was a very wild night. Towards midnight the rain ceased, but the wind was high and shook things fearfully. The wet trees suffered most, and many were prostrated, we presume, in the city and vicinity. A large locust fell across Allen street, above Oak, tearing up a flagstone walk with its roots, and breaking down a fence with its top. The street was completely barricaded against carriages by this tree. Two trees in North Fitzhugh street were overturned so far as to become sheltered by the buildings from the merciless gale. One of the ancient willows in front of the Friends' Meeting House was tipped to an angle of forty-five degrees.

Some trees fell across North St. Paul streets near Hand street, and blocked up that avenue. In other parts of the city, more or less trees were prostrated.

In the country more or less damage ensued. We hear that the Lower Dugway, known as the Rich road to Penfield, is impassable in consequence of the water having washed the road out into the form of a gully.

A bridge and mill dam just east of Victor, were destroyed by the freshet.

The water in the Genesee river is rising rapidly, and we should not be surprised to hear that considerable damage had been done at the South.

On the Lake the storm was severe, but we hear of no disasters. Like easterly storms generally, there was a premonition, and vessels found a refuge.

The steamers Ontario, Cataract and Maple Leaf were here last night, but neither ventured to leave port. The Maple Leaf went across the Lake this morning, and the Ontario went to Oswego. The Cataract was bound up to Toronto, but Capt. Leydard concluded to remain here till this time to go down the Lake this afternoon and transfer his up passengers to the Bay State, to be here on the way up to-night.

A number of vessels took refuge in this harbor yesterday. Those bound down left this morning with a fair wind.

Three sluice ways on the Chilli road, near Chilli Centre, were overflowed, and the road way washed out to the depth of six or eight feet. The roads in that town were nearly impassable this forenoon. The highways throughout the country are probably more or less damaged.

The Buffalo Courier of Monday says:

The tremendous rain during Thursday night and Friday created freshets of considerable magnitude. The Lake Shore Railroad had a number of culverts and bridges carried away or damaged. We understand that Silver Creek became so swollen as to overflow its banks, flooding fields and houses, destroying the bridges and drowning cattle. Buffalo Creek, usually a quiet, sluggish stream, is furious to-day, and pours out of its mouth, despite the heavy westerly wind, an unwonted volume of turbid water. The current is so swift as to render navigation extremely difficult, and quite a number of collisions with little damage however, occurred this morning. A vast amount of drift wood has lodged at various points, and hundreds of the poorer people are engaged in securing it, against the cold winter that is so close upon us.

We do not hear of any marine accidents on the Lake, though Friday night was very dark and squally and rainy. The fleet out was small however.

We understand that quite a number of cattle were drowned along the Lake Shore turnpike, and that in some cases houses and barns have been swept away. We fear that the freshet has done very much damage through this and the adjoining counties, the details of which will come to hand in due time.

Taken altogether, it is the severest storm that has visited this section in a good while.

A Havana correspondent of the New York Times writing on the 20th of September, says that the French war steamer, La-voisier had just left that port to deliver dispatches to the French Consul at New Orleans. The writer says that should she be able to pass the blockading squadron, it will prove to the French Government that the blockade is not effective. This is absurd, for the war vessels of a friendly power are permitted to enter blockaded ports.

The Battle Creek Rangers, a Home Guard company of Clark county, Ind., commanded by Capt. Lutz, returned home on Tuesday from the mouth of Salt River, after having rendered good service. They remained two or three days beyond their time, and gained the good will and the admiration of all by their excellent conduct and their admirable discipline.

DIED.

In this city, on the 3d inst., George, son of John M. and Hallie E. Todd, aged 5 years and 11 months.

Thus has death, with its ruthless hand, entered the family, and snatched from the loving arms of his dear parents their pride, their hope, their joy. We cannot realize that sprightly, intelligent little George has gone from us forever! Not we still see him the active, manly little fellow of but a few days ago. But such, alas, is the case. No more shall we hear the little feet pattering around the hearthstone; no more hear the cheery voice sounding as sweet music in our ears. But weep not, dear parents, friends, for he is happy now with Him who said, "Suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of Heaven." May He bind up the broken heart, and make gladness to come out of this deep sorrow.

The funeral will take place from his father's residence this morning at 10 o'clock. The friends and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend.

MILITARY BOARD.

FRANKFORT, October 24, 1861.

ORDERED, that one month's pay in advance shall be paid to all volunteers recruited mustered into the service of this State or of the General Government within this State, subsequent to 30th September. P. SWIGERT, Secretary Board.

A LIST OF LETTERS.

REMAINING in the Post Office at Frankfort, Ky., on the 30th day of Sept., 1861, which, if not called for in two weeks, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office at Washington, D. C.

Arnold, Mrs. Mary Gutman, Miss Mina Atkins, Miss Mary J. Gilman, James D. Allison, H. T.

Bronaugh, George Huon, Thomas Barthena, Miss Hurst, William L. Bulkley, Henry D. Laevy, Dr. J. D. Brooks, Miss Elizabeth Linton, James Bush, Richard Marshall, Reuben Binkor, C. W. Morris, Miss Bettie

Clark, J. F. Coyle, Elithier [2.] Snell, Rebecca Cox, Col. J. Smith, Sarah

Dulingun, Mr. Troy, John Ellis, Mrs. Ann Towson, John A. Emral, Manuel Wynns, A. Fogety, John Word, Maj. Thos. [2.] Frost, Miss Mary Weller,

Graves, E. A. Yates, Mrs. Roseannah Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say "advertised."

Office open from 7 o'clock, A. M., to 7 o'clock, P. M.

October 24, 1861. W. A. GAINES, P. M.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

A CARD.

To the Members of the General Assembly of Ky: GENTLEMEN: This card is adopted to avoid annoying you. I am a candidate for State Librarian, and, if elected, rest assured I will not abuse your confidence.

Refer to Hon. Jas. Harlan, Thos. S. Page, &c., &c. Respectfully,

A. B. TARRANT.

State Librarian.

Editor Frankfort Commonwealth:

Please announce me as a Union candidate for State Librarian at the next meeting of the Kentucky Legislature. I am in favor of Kentucky ever proving loyal to the United States, and may the stars and stripes forever float o'er her Capitol.

H. G. BANTA.

Forever float that standard sheet, Where breathes the foe but falls before us; With Freedom's soil beneath our feet, And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us! FRANKFORT, July 19th, 1861-62.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A. CONERY

SIGN OF THE EAGLE.

(LATE W. F. LOOMIS.)

Has just received Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Fancy Goods, Clocks, and Fine Knives. Call and see them. Prices to suit the times.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired.

TO CONSUMPTIVES AND THOSE AFFLICTED WITH DYSPNOEA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, HEART DISEASE, FEVER AND AGUE, OR CONSTIPATION.—The undersigned, now seventy-five years old, has for years devoted his time to curing his Parishioners and the poor in New York of these dreadful complaints, which carry thousands and thousands to an untimely grave; he has seldom failed to cure all who have applied to him for relief, and believing it to be a Christian's duty to relieve those abroad, as well as at home, he will send to those who require it, a Copy of Prescriptions used, (free of charge), with directions for preparing and using the same. Also rules on Diet, Bathing, Ventilation, and Exercise for the Sick; they will find these remedies, a sure cure for Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Fever and Ague, Constipation, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints, and he hopes every one afflicted will send for a copy, as it will cost nothing, and those suffering should apply before it is too late. These Prescriptions are used by the most eminent Physicians in London, Paris, and New York. Those wishing them will please address

REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN, dec'd 12 y. Williamsburg, New York.

J. H. WATERMAN'S SCHOOL.

Will begin the 10th, instead of the 12th inst. No pupil will be received for a shorter time than for half session (20 weeks).

CHARGE—\$25 for 20 weeks—one half of which must be paid in advance.

No deduction for absence except in long sickness. (Sept. 6, 1861-1m.

TERMS CASH.

I have been compelled to adopt the cash system, which will enable me to sell good at ten to twenty per cent. lower than formerly. These terms will be enforced from this date.

Sign of the Eagle. June 4, 1861. A. CONERY.

Proclamation by the Governor.

In obedience to the subjoined joint resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the Government of the Confederate States, the State of Tennessee, and all others concerned, are hereby informed that "Kentucky expects the Confederate or Tennessee troops to be withdrawn from her soil unconditionally."

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my name and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 13th day of September, A. D. 1861, and in the 70th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.

Thos. B. MONROE, JR., Secretary of State. Sept. 14, 1861-w&tw-3m.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That His Excellency, Governor Magoffin, be and he is hereby instructed to inform those concerned that Kentucky expects the Confederate or Tennessee troops to be withdrawn from her soil unconditionally.

COMMITTED TO JAIL.

WAS committed to the jail of Anderson county, on the 13th inst., as a runaway slave, a NEGRO MAN, who calls himself Jo. Owsley, and says that he belongs to the heirs of Samuel Owsley, deceased, of Lincoln county, Ky. Said negro man is about 36 or 37 years of age; 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high; black complexion, with whiskers; slender make, and will weigh about one hundred and sixty pounds. Said negro says that he has been hired to Charles Marshall, of Henry county, Ky. He was arrested in Anderson county, Ky., and the owner of said slave is hereby notified to come forward, prove his right to said slave, pay the fees and expenses, and take him away. WILLIAM SUTTON, J. A. C. Lawrenceburg, Sept. 25-61.

Proclamation by the Governor.

WHEREAS, the following act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, cordially approved by me on the 20th instant, is the law of the land, I think proper, in the exercise of my executive duties, to make the same promptly known to the public, as I do hereby, and I do hereby enjoin all citizens and residents of this State to be obedient to all the requirements thereof, to the end that the humane and noble purposes of the Legislature may be faithfully effected. The said act of the General Assembly is as follows:

Resolutions providing for the peace and quiet of the citizens of this Commonwealth.

Whereas, The people of Kentucky have, from the beginning, ardently desired and still cherish the hope that they may not be involved in the unnatural prevailing civil strife; that Kentucky is now, as she ever has been, willing and ready to interpose her friendly mediation in adjusting terms of peace and reconciliation alike honorable and just to all; but as her wishes to mediate and restore harmony may not avail at present, and it is desirable that the people in the mean time should act in harmony and beat peace among themselves, so that if they shall be involved in war, they will, as far as possible, relieve and palliate its calamities; therefore,

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That if collisions between hostile armies shall take place within our territory, that it is most earnestly recommended to the people of Kentucky not to engage in said strife amongst themselves on account of differences of political opinions; that it is the duty of the people to be obedient to the civil authorities, and respect, in times of war as well as peace, all the rights guaranteed to every citizen by the constitution and laws of the land; that all good citizens, however they may differ in political opinions, should unite in protecting each other in their rights of life, liberty, and property, against all and every invasion thereof by unlawful raids, mobs, marauding bands, or other evil-disposed persons, and aid the civil authorities in arresting all such persons and bringing them before the courts for trial.

2. Resolved, That we, the Representatives of the present General Assembly, hereby pledge ourselves to a strict observance of the foregoing resolutions, and earnestly recommend like observance by all the people of the State of Kentucky.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I, B. MAGOFFIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, have hereunto subscribed my name and caused the seal of the State to be affixed.

Done at Frankfort, this 23d day of September, in the year of our Lord, 1861, and in the 70th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.

Thos. B. MONROE, JR., Secretary of State.

By JAS. W. TATE, Assistant Secretary.

LEON LAMM, Baltimore, Maryland. SAMUEL LAMM, Parkersburg, Virginia.

LAMM & BRO.

HAVE opened a CLOTHING STORE under the "COMMONWEALTH OFFICE," on St. Clair Street, in the City of Frankfort. They will keep on hand at all times a well selected stock of Ready-made Clothing and Furnishing Goods,

which they will sell for CASH, at the very lowest prices. They have every facility for selecting their Goods in the very best markets in the United States, besides being themselves large manufacturers.

They have appointed LIPMAN LAMM their Agent, who will conduct their business in this place, and who is acquainted with the wants of the market.

[Aug. 19, 1861-3m.

Greenwood Female Seminary, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

MRS. MARY TRAYNE RUNYAN, PRINCIPAL.

The Twenty-Sixth semi-annual Session of this School will commence on the First Monday in September, (September 2, 1861.)

EXPENSES PER SESSION:

Board, including fuel and lights.....\$60 00 Tuition in primary class.....15 00 Tuition in middle and senior classes.....20 00 French, Latin, Drawing, and Painting in water colors, each.....10 00 Oriental, Pastel, Grecian, and Italian Painting, each.....5 00 Music on Piano.....25 00 Use of instrument for practice.....5 00 Washing.....5 00 Contingent fee.....25 Instructions in Plain and Ornamental Needlework without charge. No deduction for voluntary absence.

Cephalic Pills

CURE Sick Headache

CURE Nervous Headache

CURE All kinds of Headache

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of Nervous or Sick Headache may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack, immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the Nausea and Headache to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the bowels—removing Costiveness.

For Literary Men, Students, Delicate Females, and all persons of sedentary habits, they are valuable as a Laxative, improving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each Box.

Sold by Druggists and other Dealers in Medicines.

A Box will be sent by mail prepaid on receipt of 25 CENTS.

ALL ORDERS should be addressed to

HENRY C. SPALDING,

48 Cedar Street, New York.

THE FOLLOWING ENDORSEMENTS OF

Spalding's Cephalic Pills,

Will convince all who Suffer from

HEADACHE,

That a Speedy and Sure Cure is With in their Reach.

As these Testimonials were unsolicited by Mr. Spalding, they afford unquestionable proof of the efficacy of this truly scientific discovery.

MASONVILLE, CONN., Feb. 5, 1861.

Mr. Spalding: Sir—I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and I like them so well that I want you to send me two dollars' worth more.

Part of these for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few out of the first box I got from you.

Send the Pills by mail, and oblige

Your obt. servant, JAMES KENNEDY.

Haverford, Pa., Feb. 6, 1861.

Mr. Spalding: Sir—I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills. I have received a great deal of benefit from them.

Yours, respectfully,

MARY ANN STOKERHOUSE.

SPRING CREEK, HUNTINGTON CO., PA.,

January 18, 1861.

H. C. Spalding: Sir—You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately. Respectfully yours,

JOHN B. SIMONS.

P. S.—I have used one box of your Pills, and find them excellent.

Direct,

A. STOVER, P. M.,

Belle Vernon, Wyandot Co., O.

BEVERLY, MASS., Dec. 11, 1860.

H. C. Spalding, Esq.: I wish for some circulars or large show bills, to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers. If you have anything of the kind, please send me.

One of my customers, who is subject to severe Sick Headache (usually lasting two days), was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills, which I sent her. Respectfully yours,

W. B. WILKES.

REYNOLDSBURG, FRANKLIN CO., OHIO,

January 9, 1861.

Dear Sir—Enclosed find twenty-five cents (25c), for which send box of "Cephalic Pills." Send to address of Rev. William C. Filler, Reynoldsburg, Franklin county, Ohio.

Your Pills work like a charm—cure Headache almost instantly. Truly yours,

WM. C. FILLER.

YPSILANTI, MICH., Jan. 14, 1861.

Mr. Spalding: Sir—Not long since I sent to you for a box of Cephalic Pills for the cure of the Nervous Headache and Costiveness, and received the same, and they had so good an effect that I was induced to send for more.

Please send by return mail. Direct to

A. R. WHEELER, Ypsilanti, Mich.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.

The Cephalic Pills are said to be a remarkably effective remedy for the headache, and one of the very best for that very frequent complaint which has ever been discovered.

A single bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times its cost annually.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SAVE THE PIECES! DISPATCH!

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

As accidents will happen, even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE

meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready, and up to the sticking point.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

N.B.—A Brush accompanies each Bottle. Price, 25 cents.

HENRY C. SPALDING,

No. 48 Cedar street, New York.

CAUTION.

As certain unprincipled persons are attempting to palm off on the unsuspecting public imitations of my Prepared Glue, I would caution all persons to examine before purchasing, and see that the full name,

"SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE,"

is on the outside wrapper; all others are swindling counterfeits. mar 11 wktw.

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS?
DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE?
DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE?

Bellingham's celebrated Stimulating Ointment for the Whiskers and Hair.

The subscribers take pleasure in announcing to the citizens of the United States, that they have obtained the Agency for, and are now enabled to offer to the American public, the above justly celebrated and world-renowned article.

THE STIMULATING OINTMENT

is prepared by Dr. C. P. Bellingham, an eminent physician of London, and warranted to bring out a thick set of

WHISKERS OR A MUSTACHE

in from three to six weeks. This article is the only one of the kind used by the French, and in London and Paris it is in universal use.

It is a beautiful, economical, soothing, yet stimulating compound, acting as if by magic upon the roots, causing a beautiful growth of luxuriant hair.

If applied to the scalp, it will cure baldness and cause to spring up in place of the bald spots a fine growth of new hair. Applied according to directions, it will turn red or tow hair dark, and restore gray hair to its original color, leaving it soft, smooth, and flexible. The "Ointment" is an indispensable article in every gentleman's toilet, and after one week's use they would not for any consideration be without it.

The subscribers are the only Agents for the article in the United States, to whom all orders must be addressed.

Price One Dollar a box—for sale by all Druggists and Dealers; or a box of the "Ointment" (warranted to have the desired effect) will be sent to any who desire it, by mail (direct), securely packed, on receipt of price and postage, \$1.18. Apply to, or address,

HORACE L. HEGEMAN & CO.,

DRUGGISTS, &c.,

feb 22-6m. 24 William St. New York.

LOOK AT THIS!

M. L. PIERSON,

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

CHOICE CONFECTIONERIES,

St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky.,

(At the old stand of T. P. Pierson.)

THANKFUL for the very liberal patronage I have received since the above establishment was opened, I have to say that no exertion on my part shall be wanting to supply the increasing demand for Cakes, Candies, Pyramids, Ice Cream, &c., on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

I am also agent for Clark's Revolving

Looper Sewing Machines—one of the best and cheapest machines now in use. Price \$38; Hemmer \$5 extra.

ICE! ICE! ICE!—The greatest accommodation yet—can be had at my Confectionery at any time from 5 o'clock A. M., until 9 o'clock P. M.

March 21, 1860. M. L. PIERSON.

SAYRE FEMALE INSTITUTE,

LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY.

THE next Scholastic year will open on Monday, the 10th of September, 1861, and close during the last week in June, 1862.

TERMS, PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS:

Board and Tuition in English branches, \$100

Tuition for Day Scholars in Primary Department, 15

Tuition for Day Scholars in Collegiate Department, 20

These charges must be paid, strictly, in advance.

EXTRA CHARGES:

Musical, with use of instrument, \$30

Drawing \$12, Painting in water colors \$15, in oil, 20

Modern Languages \$12 each, Latin, 5

No pupil will be taken for less time than one session, and no deduction will be made for absence except in cases of long continued sickness.

Further information in regard to the School may be obtained from D. A. SAYRE, Chairman of the Board of Trustees, or from S. R. WILLIAMS, Principal of the Institute.

August 12, 1861—w&w and ch. Les. Obs. & Rep.

NEW REMEDIES FOR

SPERMATORRHOEA.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA, A

Respectable Institution established by special document, for the relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and especially for the cure of diseases of the Sexual Organs.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon.

VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhea, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the NEW REMEDIES employed in the Dispensary, sent, in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON,

Howard Association, No. 2, S. Ninth St., July 26, 1861—wly. Philadelphia, Pa.

Samuel's New Establishment!

HENRY SAMUEL, BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER, is happy to inform his friends and the public that he is again established in comfortable and commodious rooms, and ready to attend to all who may give him a call. His new establishment is in the building of Col. Hodges, on St. Clair street. He solicits public patronage, and hopes that his old friends and customers, especially, who patronized him before the fire, will now find their way back to his shop.

March 12, 1855—by.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

THE SECOND SESSION OF MRS. MARY WILLIS TODD'S school for boys will commence on Monday, August 13th, 1861, in the house lately occupied by H. Evans, adjoining the residence of Col. J. H. Garrard. All the usual English branches are taught in connection with Latin and Algebra.

Terms, per Session of Twenty Weeks, - \$15 July 8 '61tf.

A. C. KEENON'S BOOK BINDERY.

A. C. KEENON informs his friends and customers, that he still continues the Book Binding business, in all his branches, at his old

stand, over Hon. J. Harlan's office, St. Clair street, and will give his whole attention to its management. He respectfully solicits the continuance of the patronage heretofore accorded to the establishment.

CLERKS will be furnished with RECORD BOOKS ruled by any patron, and of the very best quality of paper.

BLANK BOOKS of every description, manufactured at short notice, to order, on reasonable terms.

Frankfort, July 2, 1860—tf.

DISSOLUTION.

THE firm heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of BAYER & KALTENBRUN, is dissolved by mutual consent. J. H. BAYER having sold his interest in said firm to V. KALTENBRUN who will continue the business of Boot and Shoemaking at the old stand, J. H. BAYER will settle the business of the late firm.

J. H. BAYER.

V. KALTENBRUN.

FRANKFORT, August 1, 1861—aug 5 t-w2m.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE Seventh Session of Mrs. M. A. SATTERWHITE'S School for children, will commence on Monday, September 24, 1861.

Terms, per Session of 20 Weeks, - 8

No deduction for voluntary absence.

July 24, 1861—tf.

HOT AND COLD BATHS

TO be had, day and night, at

SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.

Feb. 8, 1860.

Kentucky Central Railroad!

THE only direct route from the interior of Kentucky to New York, Boston, and all other Eastern Cities and Towns. Decidedly the most Comfortable and Reliable route for passengers going South, West, or Northwest.

CLOSE CONNECTIONS

Being made at Cincinnati with the 7:50 P. M. Express Train via the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, for Cairo, St. Joseph, New Orleans, Kansas City, St. Louis, Pike's Peak, and all Western Towns.

And with the 7:35 P. M. Trains, via the Indianapolis and Cincinnati, and Cincinnati, Hamilton, and Dayton Railroads for Chicago, St. Paul, Detroit, Galena, Springfield, Toledo, Milwaukee, Lafayette, Bloomington, and all other Northwestern Cities and Towns.

But one change of cars from Lexington and Nicholasville to St. Louis and Chicago, in daylight whereas by any other route two changes are made, both after night!

Passengers can now leave Danville, Harrodsburg, Richmond, Lancaster, Mt. Sterling, Winchester, in the morning, and arrive in St. Louis or Chicago in time for breakfast next morning.

TWO PASSENGER TRAINS

Leave Nicholasville daily (Sundays excepted), at 8:00 A. M., and 1:10 P. M., and Lexington at 6:00 A. M., and 1:30 P. M., and arrive at Covington at 11:40 A. M., and 6:27 P. M.

Through Tickets can be had at the Kentucky Stage Office in Danville, Bryansville, Winchester, Mt. Sterling, and Richmond, and at the Offices of the Kentucky Central Railroad in Nicholasville, Lexington, Paris, and Cynthiana.

Jan 26 1860—tf. C. A. WITHERS, Sup't.

NEW ALBANY AND SALEM RAILROAD.

Short Line Route to the North & West.

THROUGH TO CHICAGO IN 15 HOURS.

THROUGH TO ST. LOUIS IN 14 HOURS.

THROUGH TO CAIRO IN 20 HOURS.

Connections made with all Western Roads for any part of

ILLINOIS, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, MISSOURI, KANSAS, &c., &c.

Fare as Low as by any other Railroad or Steam Boat Route.

Freight destined for places in any of the above States forwarded with dispatch and at low rates. Mark care E. O. Norton, Louisville.

For through tickets and rates of freight apply at "SHORT LINE," Railroad office 555, Main street, Louisville, Ky.

Aug. 31, 1857—tf. E. O. NORTON, Agent.

JOHN W. VOORHIS,

Merchant Tailor,

SOUTH SIDE MAIN STREET,

Opposite Gray & Todd's Grocery Store,

FRANKFORT, KY.

HAS just received his large and extensive stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, of the best quality, and of the latest styles and patterns. He also has on hand a large assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

And everything necessary for furnishing a gentleman's wardrobe.

All work warranted to be as well done, and in as good style, as at any other establishment in the Western country.

No FIT NO SALE.

Frankfort, Oct. 5, 1860—tf.

COAL AND LUMBER YARD.

THE undersigned would inform the citizens of

Frankfort and the surrounding country, that he will keep constantly on hand a large quantity of

Kentucky River, Pomeroy and Cannel Coal, which he will sell at the lowest market price, either by the quantity or cart load.

He also keeps all kinds of LUMBER, which he will sell on accommodating terms.

His Coal and Lumber Yard is on the Kentucky river, immediately below the Railroad Bridge, being the same formerly occupied by Todd & Ottendine.

JOHN C. BATES.

September 3, 1860—tf.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

About the 6th instant, a light BAY HORSE, shod all round, 15½ hands high, a star in his forehead and snip on the nose; one hind foot white; 8 or 9 years old. He may have light harness marks, as he works in my carriage.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD

Will be paid upon conviction of the thief and return of the horse, or a generous reward if he should have strayed.

Frankfort, dec 12 tf. A. W. DUDLEY.

LOOK AT THIS!

J. L. MOORE & SON,

ARE RECEIVING THEIR

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

September 3, 1860—w&wtf.

Louisville and Frankfort, and Lexington and Frankfort Railroads.

ON and after Monday July 8th, 1861, Freight Trains will leave Louisville only on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays; and Lexington on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, running on regular car time.

SAM. GILL, Sup't.

July 6, 1861.

WANTED.

2,000 POUNDS LIVE GEES FEATHERS, for which Furniture will be exchanged at cash prices.

feb 13 A. G. CAMMACK.

Telegraph Office Removed.

THE Telegraph Office in this city has been removed to the Freight Office of the Louisville, Frankfort, and Lexington Railroad depot. All persons having business with the office will please notice this change.

T. C. KYE, Agent.

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING STORE.

New Spring and Summer CLOTHING!

H. STRAUSS would respectfully inform the citizens of Frankfort and the surrounding country that he is now opening at his Clothing Store in the room on St. Clair street lately occupied by Mr. G. W. DEXON, a LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF THE LATEST STYLES OF SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS. He has also a complete stock of Boys and Youth's Clothing, of the best quality, Hats, Caps, Trunks, &c.

He can furnish gentlemen with fine business and dress suits of superior quality, and made in the best style, cheap for cash.

Those who wish cheap Clothing are invited to call and examine his stock.

Mr. C. N. JOHNSTON, who is well known in this community as a Tailor, is employed as salesman in this establishment, where he will be pleased to see his friends. He will attend to Cutting clothes as usual.

ap 8 tf.

25 BELLS. 3 year Old Whisky, at \$2 per gallon, made by D. Swigert, and for sale by

W. H. KEENE.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS

A SUPERLATIVE TONIC, DIURETIC, ANTI DYSPEPTIC AND INVIGORATING CORDIAL

WOLFE'S CELEBRATED SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS should be kept in every family. It invariably corrects the ill effects of change of weather, and as a beverage it is the purest liquor made in the world.

Put up in pint and quart bottles. Also—

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S

Pure Cognac Brandy,

Imported and bottled by himself, warranted pure, and the best quality, with his certificate on the bottle, and his seal on the cork.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S

Pure Port Wine.

Imported and bottled by himself, put up for medicinal use, with his certificate on the bottle; warranted pure and the best quality.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S

Pure Sherry Wine.

Imported and bottled by himself, the same as the Port Wine.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S

Pure Madeira Wine,

Imported and bottled by himself for private and medicinal use; the best Wine ever offered for sale to the trade in bottles. This Wine is warranted perfectly pure.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S

Pure Jamaica Rum,

ST. CROIX RUM, SCOTCH & IRISH WHISKY.

All the above imported and bottled by himself, warranted pure and the best quality.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I will stake my reputation as a man, my standing as a merchant, and thirty years' residence in New York, that what I pledge and testify to with my seal, my label, and my certificate, is correct, and can be relied upon by every purchaser.

Physicians who use Wines and Liquors in their practice should give the preference to these articles.

For sale by all respectable Druggists and Apothecaries.